## 106-Lighting Retrofits and Audits: and Overview of LLLC Basics.



**Presented by** 

**Eric Strandberg LC** Senior Lighting Specialist Summer 2020



### **During the Webinar**

- Attendees will be muted
- Please use the chat feature in the control panel to submit questions to LDL staff
- The presenter will pause to address questions every ~12 minutes

• Please participate in the online polls.

#### **Following the Webinar**

- Please take the short survey
- A recording and the slide deck will be posted on LDL's webpage
- Reach out to <u>LightingDesignLab@seattle.gov</u> with comments or questions.



# **Seattle City Light**

### Who We Work With



It takes a village...



### LDL's Four Core Service Areas



## 106-Lighting Retrofits and Audits: and Overview of LLLC Basics.



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Since 1995 Eric Strandberg LC, has been one of the lighting specialists at the Lighting Design Lab promoting energy efficiency and quality lighting design. With a passion for "all things lighting", he has over 30 years in the lighting industry. This work encompasses almost every aspect of lighting design and conservation including; developing and presenting classes, writing articles, technology evaluation and project consultation.

### What are we doing today?

- Overview of the procedures and issues around doing a lighting audit.
- Look at some of the common retrofit options available and what to be aware of.
- Introduce the advantages of Luminaire Level Lighting Controls



## **Pop Quiz- How many of you:**

- Have done lots of audits and retrofits.
- Do lighting but want to know more about existing buildings.
- Are a contractor and want to know more about lighting.
- Are new to the field and want to know about every aspect.
- Thought this was a cooking class.





### Determine project goals and motivations

- Dollar savings- Cut O&M costs
- Energy savings- Be green (LEED-EB)
- Productivity enhancement- Avoid disruption
- Improved lighting- Bad quantity/quality
- Timing- Aging system
- Code triggered- Building remodel
- All of the above?



### Is everyone on the same page?

- What is the priority?
- Owner- Low long-term costs
- Tenant- "Green" status
- Engineer- Maximize EE
- Contractor- Lowest first cost
- Facility operator- Low maintenance
- Users- Quality lighting
- Architect- Appearance
- Hopefully everyone gets what they want.



### Do a preliminary survey

- What are the easy targets
  - What is the percentage of lighting and energy impacted
- What are the challenging areas
  - What is the percentage of lighting and energy impacted
- Is the goal to change *all* of the lighting regardless.
- Is a detailed audit warranted.

Always ask: How do you like the existing lighting?



Is this building a good candidate for a retrofit? -Clues to determining feasibility.

- Cost-Effective:
  - Facility has long hrs. of operation.
  - Lighting system is more than 20 years old.
  - Electric Utility has high demand and/or energy rates.
  - Utility actively practices DSM, offers rebates.
  - Facility has higher light levels than required.
  - Presence of non-dimmed incandescent lamps.
  - Other energy saving opportunities:
    - Unrealized daylighting
    - Controls deployment



Sidebar: How much is the client actually paying for lighting?

Do they know?

### Clues to determining feasibility

### NOT Cost-Effective:

- Facility has short hrs. of operation
- Facility exceeds existing efficiency requirements
  - e.g. ASHRAE 90.1, IECC
- Facility pays little for energy and/or peak demand
- Facility is not eligible for rebates or incentives
- Facility has undergone recent retrofit.



Is it already a Green Building?

### Which is likely more cost effective?

- A community center gymnasium or a pro sports stadium
- A theater or a library
- A big box store or a warehouse
- An office building lobby or a hotel lobby





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### If warranted, a detailed audit may be in order

- Do a plan survey
- Identify similar spaces
- Review electrical circuiting
- Check current recommended light levels and lighting guides
  - Local codes
  - Building standards
  - IES recommendations



## Document the existing conditions

- What you'll need:
- Light meter
- Measuring tape- Laser\*
- Notebook and/or tablet
- Tape recorder w/ transcription app
- Camera w/ zoom and wide angle
- Binoculars
- Personal Protection Equipment-
  - Ear plugs, hard hat, goggles vest
- Counter
- Form(s)- (utility)

\* Not always useful for exterior day





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Glighting design

### Document lighting systems

- Illuminance levels existing.
- Luminaires types, placement, mounting\*.
- Lamps type, color, wattage.
- Ballasts type, voltage.
- Daylighting conditions.
- Luminaires already retrofitted, modified, are they consistent w/ as builts?
- Lighting controls occupancy sensors, timer switches, photocells, etc.
- Room reflectances.



Glighting design

\*Same fixture different mounting?

## Additional Survey tips

- What is the *condition* of the existing lighting.
- Are there any controls in use.
  - Is lighting on during "off" hours.
  - Is lighting off during "on" hours.
- Building conditions
  - Ceiling type
  - Access to plenum
- Daylight opportunities
- Reflectance of interior surfaces.
- What is in the maintenance closet...



## Pop Quiz- Which of the following suggest that a retrofit is likely to be cost effective:

- The facility has long hours of operation.
- The measured light levels are higher than recommended practice.
- A community theatre stage has 50+ 500 watt lights.
- A hospital parking garage with 30 year old lights.
- The customer is going for LEED EB certification.



### Document existing lighting- Light levels (LL)

- What is proposed
  - What is this based on
- What is Recommended
  - What is that based on
- Are the LL's consistent throughout the space
- Are users happy with the LL
  - What do you think



#### FOOTCANDLE LIGHT GUIDE

Footcandles are the most common unit of measure used by lighting professionals to calculate light levels in businesses and outdoor spaces. A footcandle is defined as the illuminance on a one square foot surface from a uniform source of light. The Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) recommends the following footcandle levels to ensure adequate illumination and safety for occupants. Below is a guideline for common areas to assist in achieving appropriate light levels with the greatest energy-efficiency.

Building Area & Task	Average Maintained Footcandles (Horizontal) (FC)	Range of Maintained Footcandles (Horizontal) (FC)	Average Maintained Footcandles (Vertical) (FC)	Range of Maintained Footcandles (Vertical) (FC)	Comments			
WAREHOUSING & STORAGE								
Bulky Items—Large Labels	10		5					
Small Items—Small Labels	30		15					
Cold Storage	20	10 - 30	10	5 - 15				
Open Warehouse	20	10 - 30						
Warehouse w/Aisles	20	10 - 30	10	5 - 15				
COMMERCIAL OFFICE								
Open Office	40	30 - 50			@30" Above Finished Floor (AFF)			
Private Office	40	30 - 50			@30" AFF			
Conference Room	30				Matte surface reflectance for the table 40% recommended			
Restroom	18	7.5 - 30						
Lunch & Break Room	15	5 - 20						

Glighting design

### Document existing lighting- Luminaires

 A decent zoom can save a lot of time tracking down as-builts or ladders.







Phone pictures not useful for detail



Better camera zoomed (top) Detail enlarged (below)



### Document existing lighting- Luminaires

 A decent zoom can save a lot of time tracking down as-builts or ladders.





The client was "pretty sure" they had 100-watt lamps. This difference will be a factor in project viability.

### Document existing lighting- Luminaires- Distribution

### **Direct Luminaires**

The direct luminaire is a light fixture in which 90 to 100% of the light is directed down to the task surface.





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Document existing lighting- Luminaires- Distribution

### **Indirect Luminaires**

The Indirect luminaire or "uplight" is a light fixture in which 90 to 100% of the light is directed upward away from the task surface.









Document existing lighting- Luminaires- Distribution **Direct-Indirect / Indirect-Direct** 

This type of luminaire is a light fixture in which a high % of light goes up, and a high % goes down.







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### Document existing lighting- Luminaires

- What type
- What condition are they in
- What is the mounting
- What is the light distribution
- What is being proposed





### Audit of fixtures- Overall condition of components

- Sockets
- Fasteners
- Wiring
- Lens
- Ballast age

Is there superficial dirt, or is it damage (rust, breakage, ruined gaskets, etc.)



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### Document existing lighting- Ballasts

- What type
- Condition
- Consistency
- Location
- Disposal issues





A typical pre-1979 PCB-containing fluorescent light ballast (FLB)



A typical Non-PCB containing fluorescent light ballast. The ballast has a "No PCBs" marking on the top of the ballast and the text "electronic ballast". Only magnetic fluorescent light ballasts contained PCBs.



Document existing lighting system- Ballasts Sometimes you just have to open a lot of fixtures.



### Document existing lighting system- Controls

### What kinds of controls?

- On/Off switches
- Manual dimmers
- Occupancy sensors
- Daylight sensors
- Time clocks
- No local controls!











### Document existing lighting system- Daylight

 Look for opportunities for an easy win.





### Document existing lighting system- Room surfaces



An important part of a lighting design should be existing or proposed surface conditions



Same lighting on each floor, but with a different surface reflectance

### Effect of surface reflectance on light delivered in the space





Surface Reflectance	Average FC	Maximum	Minimum	Max to Min Ratio
<b>85/75/56</b> High	51.2	82.7	11.5	7:1
70/50/20 Med	35.0	61.1	5.4	11 : 1
35/25/11 Low	23.4	43.7	2.1	21 : 1

This isn't just "Interior Design" stuff!



## Note the dark surfaces
#### Light surfaces compound benefits



Better visual performance

- More light for less energy
- Lower contrast ratios



#### Light surfaces compound benefits



## Estimating room reflectance - how to do it.

- Take light level reading on the wall.
- Hold meter about a foot out from the wall and meter **toward** the wall.
- The % difference is the amount of light absorbed.
- Example: 80 fc incident, on wall
   20 fc reflected off wall
  - (20-80=60)/80=.75
  - .75 x 100**= 75% absorbed**





#### When is the best time to audit exterior lighting

During the night?

During the day?



#### When is the best time to audit exterior lighting

#### During the night?

During the day?







#### When is the best time to audit exterior lighting

During the night?

#### During the day?





## More advanced site analysis tools

- Luminance meter
- Data loggers
- Spectrometer
- Flicker checker
- Thermal imager
- UV meter

complaining

about the

GoPro? 



ON/OFF

DTM, INC.









#### Light Quantity: How much light do we need?

OCT 1939-Nela Park

200 footcandles of "diffused light" – twenty-five to fifty times as much illumination as many office people attempt to see by\* -- aided this group when it met recently in the "round table room" of **General Electric** Institute at Nela Park, Cleveland.

Making possible indoors this newest challenge to seeing conditions as found outdoors is the experimental fluorescent fixture shown here on the ceiling.

\* 8 to 4 fc ?



# Light level recommendations 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., circa-1972



#### LEVELS OF ILLUMINATION (INTERIOR) 9-87

#### Continued

Area Footco on To	indies isks*	Dekalux# on Tasks*
Offices		
Drafting rooms		
Detailed drafting and designing, cartog-		
raphy	200†	220†
Rough layout drafting	150†	160†
Accounting offices		
Auditing, tabulating, bookkeeping,		
business machine operation, com-		
puter operation	$150^{+}$	160†
General offices		
Reading poor reproductions, business		
machine operation, computer		
operation	$150^{+}$	160†
Reading handwriting in hard pencil or		
on poor paper, reading fair repro-		
ductions, active filing, mail sort-		
ing	100†	110†
Reading handwriting in ink or medium		
pencil on good quality paper, in-		
termittent filing	70†	75†
Private offices		μ
Reading poor reproductions, business		
machine operation	$150^{+}$	160†
Reading handwriting in hard pencil or		
on poor paper, reading fair repro-		
ductions	100†	110†
Reading handwriting in ink or medium		
pencil on good quality paper	70†	75†
Reading high contrast or well-printed	0.01	0.01
materials	30†	33†
Conferring and interviewing	30	33
Conference rooms		

\* Minimum on the task at any time for young adults with normal and better than 20/30 corrected vision. For general notes see beginning of tabulation. For other notes see end of tabulation. # Dekalux is an SI unit equal to 1.076 footcandles. 1 dekalux = 10 lux.

#### Light level recommendations 10<sup>th</sup> Ed., circa-2012 – Reading Detail

Table 32.2 | Office Facilities Illuminance Recommendations continued from previous page

	Contraction in the local distribution of the	Recommended Maintained Illuminance Targets (lux) <sup>b, c,d</sup>									
	and Street Street		Horizoi	ntal (E <sub>h</sub> ) Ta	rgets		5.	Vertic	cal (E <sub>v</sub> ) Tar	gets	21/10
		v	Visual Ages of Observers (years) where at least half are					Visual Ages of Observers () where at least half are			
Applications and Tasks <sup>®</sup>	Notes		<25	25-65	>65			<25	25-65	>65	
		Catego	ry:			Gauge	Catego	ry	ST.		Gauge
OFFICES	See READING AND WRITING, es controls to provide illuminance	tablish ta variabili	isks and noi ty if tasks so	rmalize to il demand.	lluminano	ce of mo	ost imp	ortant task	or most co	mmon ta	sk; use
PARKING	See 26   LIGHTING FOR EXTERIO	ORS									
PEDESTRIAN WAYS	See 26   LIGHTING FOR EXTERIC	DRS						-	2031		
READING AND WRITING											
Computer	See READING AND WRITING/VE	DT Screen	and Keybo	ard	_		_				
Electronic Readers											
Electronic Ink Devices	E <sub>h</sub> and E <sub>v</sub> @height of device	Р	150	300	600	Avg	N	75	150	300	Avg
LCD or LED Devices	E <sub>h</sub> and E <sub>v</sub> @height of device	N	75	150	300	Avg	к	25	50	100	Avg
Facsimile											
• Analog	E <sub>h</sub> @2' 6" AFF; E, @4' AFF <sup>i</sup>	R	250	500	1000	Avg	м	50	100	200	Avg
• Digital	E <sub>h</sub> @2' 6" AFF; E <sub>v</sub> @4' AFF <sup>j</sup>	Р	150	300	600	Avg	L	37.5	75	150	Avg
Handwritten Work	Based on fair-to-good penman	ship/han	d print on v	white or can	ary pape	r					
• Pencil											
• Graphite/HB	E <sub>h</sub> @2' 6" AFF; E <sub>v</sub> @4' AFF <sup>j</sup>	Р	150	300	600	Avg	L	37.5	75	150	Avg
• Red	E <sub>h</sub> ,@2' 6" AFF; E, @4' AFF <sup>i</sup>	R	250	500	1000	Avg	м	50	100	200	Avg
<ul> <li>Ballpoint/Rollerpoint/Felt-tip</li> </ul>				0							
• Black	E <sub>b</sub> @2' 6" AFF; E., @4' AFF <sup>i</sup>	Р	150	300	600	Avg	L	37.5	75	150	Avg
Red, Green, Blue	Eh @2' 6" AFF; Ey @4' AFF <sup>J</sup>	Q	200	400	800	Avg	L	37.5	75	150	Avg
Laptop	See READING AND WRITING/VD	OT Screen	and Keybo	ard		-					
Microforms (Projected)		L	37.5	75	150	Avg	1	15	30	60	Avg
Print Media	Digital-printing-press-generate	d, white	paper				_				
• 6-pt Font						-			and and	1.00	
• Matte paper and ink	Eh @2' 6" AFF; Ev @4' AFF	R	250	500	1000	Avg	L	37.5	75	150	Avg
<ul> <li>Specular paper and ink</li> </ul>	E <sub>h</sub> @2' 6" AFF; E <sub>v</sub> @4' AFF <sup>I</sup>	R	250	500	1000	Avg	L	37.5	75	150	Avg
* 8- and 10-pt Font										445	
• Matte paper and ink	E <sub>h</sub> @2' 6" AFF; E <sub>v</sub> @4' AFF <sup>J</sup>	Ρ	150	300	600	Avg	K	25	50	100	Avg
Specular paper and ink	Eh @2' 6" AFF; Ey @4' AFF <sup>J</sup>	P	150	300	600	Avg	K	25	50	100	Avg
• 12-pt Font									20		
Matte paper and ink	Eh @2' 6" AFF; Ev @4' AFF	0	100	200	400	Avg	K	25	50	100	Avg
<ul> <li>Specular paper and ink</li> </ul>	E <sub>h</sub> @2' 6" AFF; E <sub>v</sub> @4' AFF <sup>J</sup>	0	100	200	400	Avg	K	25	50	100	Avg
VDT Screen and Keyboard											

Illuminating Engineering Society

#### THE LIGHTING HANDBOOK

Tenth Edition | Reference and Application



David L. DiLaura Kevin W. Houser Richard G. Mistrick Gary R. Steffy

## How much light will I get? What is the efficacy?

LED Damp Rated High Bay

# JCBL

9000, 12000, 15000, 18000, 24000, or 30000 lumens





C.E.C. TITLE **20** 

COMPLIANT



#### LITHONIA LIGHTING

#### JCBL LED Damp Rated High Bay

**OPERATIONAL DATA** 

lumen ackage	input Watts	Ambient rating	Open Reflector	Delivered lumens 3000K CCT, 70CRI	Delivered lumens 3500K CCT, 70CRI	Delivered lumens 4000K (CT, 70CR)	Delivered Jumens SOOOK (CT, 70/CRI	Delivered lumens 3000K CCT, 80CRI	Delivered lumens 3500K (CCT, 80CRI	Delivered lumens 4000K (CT, 80CR)	Delivered lumens SOOOK (CCT, BOCRI	Delivered lumens 3000K (CT, 90CR)	Delivered kumens 3500K CCT, 90CRI	Delivered lumens 4000K CCT, 90CRI	Delivered lumens SOOOK CCT 90CRI
_			DALR	25277	25933	26708	26708	23847	24562	25039	25516	19554	20270	20985	20985
			DALRN	24084	24766	25448	25448	22721	23403	23857	24312	18631	19313	19995	19995
			SALR	25512	26234	26957	26957	24068	24790	25272	25753	19736	20458	21180	21180
		( 475 4760)	ACFR	27763	28549	29334	29334	26192	26977	27501	28025	21477	22263	23049	23049
MJ0000	236	122 (50°c)	ACEEN	27483	28261	29038	29038	25927	26705	27224	27742	21260	22038	22816	22816
			ACCR	27853	28642	29430	29430	26277	27065	27591	28116	21547	22335	23124	23124
			ACCEN	26928	27691	28453	28453	25404	26166	26674	27183	20831	21594	22356	22356
			PLCR	25509	26231	26953	26953	24065	24787	25269	25750	19734	20456	21178	21178
			PLCRN	24684	25383	26081	26081	23287	23985	24451	24917	19095	19794	20492	20492
			DALK	20468	21047	21626	21262	19309	19888	20275	20661	15833	16413	16992	16892
			CALIN	19502	20053	70605	20605	18398	18950	19518	19686	15086	15638	16190	16190
			MED	20408	21243	2182/	21827	19989	200/3	20965	20855	13981	18050	1/150	1/150
eccol M	100	(-40¶-40°C)	ACDN	22260	23110	23/33	23/33	21206	21099	222060	22002	17370	17845	10003	10003
0000.0	100	122°F (50°c)	ACCD	22653	22003	23513	23515	21779	21209	22043	22963	17215	1/040	109/9	109/9
			ACCEN	21804	23172	23030	23039	20570	21313	21599	22010	16868	17485	181/0	18100
			RO	20655	21240	21825	21825	19486	20071	20461	20850	15979	16563	17148	17148
			PICEN	19987	20553	21118	21118	18856	19471	19798	20176	15462	16027	16593	16593
			DALR	15606	16048	16490	16490	14723	15165	15459	15753	12073	12514	12956	12956
			DALRN	14870	15290	15711	15711	14028	14449	14729	15010	11508	11924	12345	12345
			SALR	15751	16197	16643	166453	14860	15306	15603	15900	12185	12631	13077	13077
			ACER	17141	17626	18111	18111	16171	16656	16979	17303	13260	13745	14230	14230
BOOOL M	140	(-40%-40%) 135% (55%)	ACERN	16968	17448	17928	17928	16007	16488	16808	17128	13126	13606	14086	14086
			ACCR	17197	17683	18170	18170	16223	16710	17034	17359	13303	13790	14276	14276
			ACCRN	16626	17096	17567	17567	15684	16155	16469	16782	12861	13332	13802	13802
			PLCR	15749	16195	16641	16641	14858	15304	15601	15898	12184	12629	13075	13075
			PLORN	15240	15671	16102	16102	14377	14808	15096	15384	11789	12221	12652	12652
		(.40°F.40°C) 135°F(55°c)	DALR	13296	13672	14048	14048	12548	12919	13170	13421	10285	10662	11038	11038
			DALRN	12668	13027	13385	13385	11951	12310	12549	12788	9800	10158	10517	10517
			SALR	13419	13799	14179	14179	12660	13040	13293	13546	10381	10761	11141	11141
			<b>K</b> R	14603	15016	15480	15430	13777	14190	14465	14741	11297	11710	12123	12123
SOCOLM	117		ACEEN	14456	14865	15274	15274	13638	14047	14319	14592	11183	11592	12001	12001
			ACCR	14651	15065	15480	15480	13821	14236	14513	14789	11334	11748	12163	12163
			ACCEN	14164	14565	14966	14966	13362	13763	14031	14298	10957	11358	11759	11759
			PLCR	13418	13798	14177	14077	12658	13088	13291	13544	10380	10760	11139	11139
			PLCRN	12984	13351	13719	13719	12249	12616	12861	13106	10044	10411	10779	10779
			DALR	10221	10510	10799	10799	9642	9932	10124	10317	7907	8196	8485	8485
			DALRN	9738	10014	10290	10290	9187	9463	9647	9830	7534	7809	8085	8085
			SALK	10316	10608	10900	10900	9732	10024	10219	10413	7980	8272	8564	8564
		(-40 <sup>4</sup> -40 <sup>4</sup> C)	ALIK	11226	11544	11861	11861	10591	10908	11120	11332	3684	9002	9520	9320
7000LM	90	135°F (55°c)	ALTER	11113	11427	11/92	11/42	10989	10/98	11008	11/21/	807/	8911	9/26	9226
			ACCON	10000	11301	11500	11200	100/3	10799	1000	11307	8/13	7001	7330	7330
			B(D	10007	1007	10999	10999	9771	10000	10100	10971	7979	8771	9040	9040
			PICON	9991	10007	10675	10675	9/31	9000	9897	10912	7777	8004	8786	8286
			DAIR	8017	8713	8460	8460	7553	7780	7911	8087	6194	600	6607	6687
			DALRN	7629	7845	8061	8061	7197	7413	7557	7701	5901	6117	6333	6333
			SALR	8081	8310	8539	8539	7634	7852	8005	8157	6251	6480	6709	6709
			ACTR	8794	9043	9792	9797	87%	8545	8/11	8877	6801	7052	7301	7301
MJ000	67	(-40°F-40°C)	ACERN	8705	8952	9198	9198	8212	8459	8623	8787	6734	6981	7227	100
		135% (55%)	ACCR	8873	9072	9322	9322	8323	8573	8739	8906	6825	7075	7324	7324
			ACCRN	8530	8771	9012	9012	8047	8288	8449	8610	6598	6840	7081	7081
			PLOR	8080	8309	8538	8538	7623	7851	8004	8156	6251	6479	6708	6708
	1		DICTN	7810	9040	8262	10/1		1001	7745	1843	2048		C 400	C 403

b

## So many options so many variables

ORDERIN	ORDERING INFORMATION Lead times will vary depending on options selected. Consult with your sales representative. Example: JCBL 24000LM SALR MVOLT GZ10 40K 70CRI SC6								
JCBL					GZ10				
Series	Lumens	Reflector <sup>1</sup>	Lens <sup>1,2</sup>	Voltage	Driver	Color temperature	Color rendering index		
JCBL	9000LM         9,000 lumens           12000LM         12,000 lumens           15000LM         15,000 lumens           18000LM         18,000 lumens           24000LM         24,000 lumens           30000LM         30,000 lumens	DALRDiffuse aluminum narrowDALRNDiffuse aluminum narrowSALRSpecular aluminum ACFRACFRFrosted acrylicACCRClear acrylicPLCRClear polycarbonate	(blank)Open bottomFor use with aluminum reflectorsALDRPDrop prismaticALCONConicalALFGLFlat prismaticFor use with acrylic and polycarbonate reflectorsACRDRPDrop prismaticACRCONConicalACRCONConicalACRFGLFlat prismatic	MVOLT         120-277V           HVOLT         347-480V           120         120V           208         208V           240         240V           277         277V           347         347V           480         480V	GZ10 0-10V dimming	30K 3000 K 35K 3500 K 40K 4000 K 50K 5000 K	70CRI 70 CRI 80CRI 80 CRI 90CRI 90 CRI		

## Lumens Reflector Optics Lens CCT CRI

Wattage

#### **OPERATIONAL DATA**

	Lumen package	input Watts	Ambient rating	Open Reflector	Delivered Iumens 3000K CCT, 70CRI	Delivered lumens 3500K CCT, 70CRI	Delivered lumens 4000K CCT, 70CRI	Delivered lumens 5000K CCT, 70CRI	Delivered Iumens 3000K CCT, 80CRI	Delivered lumens 3500K CCT, 80CRI	Delivered lumens 4000K CCT, 80CRI	Delivered lumens 5000K CCT, 80CRI	Delivered lumens 3000K CCT, 90CRI	Delivered lumens 3500K CCT, 90CRI	Delivered lumens 4000K CCT, 90CRI	Delivered lumens 5000K CCT, 90CRI	Comparable light source
Γ				DALR	25277	25933	26708	26708	23847	24562	25039	25516	19554	20270	20985	20985	
				DALRN	24084	24766	25448	25448	22721	23403	23857	24312	18631	19313	19995	19995	
				SALR	25512	26234	26957	26957	24068	24790	25272	25753	19/30	20458	21180	21180	]
			1	ACFR	27763	28549	29334	29334	26192	26977	27501	28025	21477	22263	23049	23049	
L	30000LM	236	(-40°F-40°C) 122°F (50°c)	ACFRN	27483	28261	29038	29038	25927	26705	27224	27742	21260	22038	22816	22816	8-lamp 15H0, 400W HID
				ACCR	27853	28642	29430	29430	26277	27065	27591	28116	21547	22335	23124	23124	
				ACCRN	26928	27691	28453	28453	25404	26166	26674	27183	20831	21594	22356	22356	
				PLCR	25509	26231	26953	26953	24065	24787	25269	25750	19734	20456	21178	21178	]
				PLCRN	24684	25383	26081	26081	23287	23985	24451	24917	19095	19794	20492	20492	

	4K, 70CRI	3K, 90CRI
30,000 nominal lumens. 236 watts.	125 l/w	80 l/w

## Question on CRI and CCT? How many of you:

- Know all about CRI and CCT.
- Have been doing lighting a while but could use a refresher.
- Heard about them but always get confused.
- Am new to lighting and would like to find out about CRI and CCT.
- I thought we were going to learn how to make pizza in this class.

All	
6 8	
K	

#### Photometric reports for just one fixture - ...

- JCBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3 CBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI 16"
- 30 JCBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI 16" ACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3 DBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI 16 LEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3 DBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 70CRI 16 ACETED SPECIILAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN
- CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 300 JCBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI 16" **IFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS**
- CBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI 16 FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- CBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3 CBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 80CRI 16 ACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- CIERD ACEVIC DELETION NO. 1011
- 👔 🗊 JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI 16 IFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI 16"
   FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI 16" CLEAR DOLYCADBONATE DEELECTOR NO LENS
- 300 JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 30K 90CRI 16 FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI 16"
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3 DD JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 70CRI 16"
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI 16"
   CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI 16" SUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN
- CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 80CRI 16"
   FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- I D JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI 16 LEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO L
- CBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI 16\* FACITED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- D JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI 16" NATE REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 35K 90CRI 16" EACETED SPECIFIA ALUMINUM PER ECTOR NO LENS
- B D JCBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI 16" TEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEN
- JCBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI 16" DISELSEE ACRY IC REFECTOR NO LENS
- 3 ISBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- EAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS
- DCBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 70CRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

CBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS ED JCBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS E D JCBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 80CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS DCBL 12000LM 40K BOCRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 40K BOCRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS E D JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI 16" USE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEF E S JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI 16" CETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN F D JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS EDJ JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 40K 90CRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS 👔 📡 JCBL 12000LM SOK 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM SOK 70CRI 16" FUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEN DCBL 12000LM 50K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 70CRI 16" FACETED DEFENSE ALLIMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS DCBL 12000LM 50K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 70CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCAPBONATE PER ECTOR NO LENS ED JCBL 12000LM 50K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 70CRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS DISEL 12000LM SOK 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM SOK 80CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS E D JCBL 12000LM 50K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 80CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS JCBL 12000LM 50K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 80CRI 16"
 FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS E D JCBL 12000LM 50K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 90CRI 16"

DISEL 12000LM SOK 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 12000LM SOK 90CRI 16" DISELISE ACEVILIC REFLECTOR NO LENS. SUD JCBL 12000LM SOK 90CRI DALR: JCBL 12000LM SOK 90CRI 16" ACETED DIFFUSE ALLIMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN TO SOL 12000LM 50K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 90CRI 16" AR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LEN E D JCBL 12000LM 50K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 12000LM 50K 90CRI 16" T S JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI 16" JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI 16" E D JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI 16" CETED DIFFUSE ALLIMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN E D JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI 16" LEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 70CRI 16"
 FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS g 🕥 JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI 16"
 FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS S DCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI 16" EAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS S D JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 80CRI 16

JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI 16" CLEAR ACRVLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS ICBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI 16 3 JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI 16 FAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS 3 JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 30K 90CRI 16" SCBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI ACCR: 3CBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI 16" CLEAN ACOUNTS BEELECTION NO. LENS. 3CBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI ACFR: 3CBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI 16" PUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS CBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS SIGEL 15000LM 35K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS 👔 📡 JCBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 70CRI 16" CETED SPECIFIAR ALLIMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS SCBL 15000LM 35K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 80CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS SIGEL 15000LM 35K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 80CRI 16 DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS B D 3C8L 15000LM 35K 80CRI DALR: 3C8L 15000LM 35K 80CRI 16" DCBL 15000LM 35K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 80CRI 16" CLEAR DO VCARDONATE DEL ECTOR NO LEVE DCBL 15000LM 35K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 80CRI 16<sup>4</sup> CLEAR ACKYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS CBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRVLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS CBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI 16"

- ICBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI 16" JCBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 35K 90CRI 16" JCBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS. CBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS 3 DEL 15000LM 40K 70CRI DALR: 3CBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI 16 ACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS 3CBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI PLCR: 3CBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS T SALE 15000LM 40K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 70CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS ■ DCBL 15000LM 40K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 80CRI 16" FFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS ICBL 15000LM 40K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 80CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS 3 DOBL 15000LM 40K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 80CRI 16" ICBL 15000LM 40K BOCRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 40K BOCRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS CBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS STORE 15000LM 40K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI 16\* FFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LE
- JCBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI 16"
   FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS 3CBL 15000LM SOK 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM SOK 70CRI 16" JSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEN 3 CBL 15000LM S0K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 70CRI 16 FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS 3/2010 JCBL 15000LM 50K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 70CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS 3 DEL 15000LM 50K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 70CRI 16 DCBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI 16" 3 CBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS 3CBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI 16" CETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN 3/200 JCBL 15000LM SOK 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM SOK 80CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS JCBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 80CRI 16"
 FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS 300 JCBL 15000LM 50K 90CR1 ACFR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 90CR1 16 3 DBL 15000LM SOK 90CRI DALR: JCBL 15000LM SOK 90CRI 16" ACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS 3 D JCBL 15000LM 50K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 50K 90CRI 16" B D JCBL 15000LM S0K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM S0K 90CRI 16" ACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN 3CBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI 16 CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS CBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS 3 S JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI 16" CBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI 16" EACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM DEFLECTOR NO LENS 3 D JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI 16 JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 70CRI 16 FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

3CBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI 16"

3CBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 15000LM 40K 90CRI 16" EACETED SPECIFICAR ALLMENTIN PERFECTOR NO LENS

EAD DOLYCADBONATE DEELECTOD NO LENG

■ DCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI 16\* LEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

CBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI 16 DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

- JCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI 16'
   FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- SCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI 16"

SCBL 18000LM 30K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 19000LM 30K 80CRI 16 FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

- SCBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI 16"
- SCBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- SCBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI DALR: 3CBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI 16"
- SOL 18000LM 30K 90CRI PLCR: 3CBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI 16<sup>-</sup> CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

FUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEN

SCBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 30K 90CRI 16 FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

T DALR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI 16

CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS SCBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI 16<sup>-</sup>

JCBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI 16"
 FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

- SCBL 18000LM 35K 70CR1 PLCR: 3CBL 18000LM 35K 70CR1 16"
- CBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 70CRI 16" EXCEPTED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- DERL 18000LM 35K 80CRI ACCR: JC8L 18000LM 35K 80CRI 16"
   OFAR ACRY IC REFERENCE NO LENS

DIFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

- JCBL 18000LM 35K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 80CRI 16"
   FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3 CEL 18000LM 35K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 90CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFERENCES NO LEWS
- CBL 18000LM 35K 90CRI ACFR: 3CBL 18000LM 35K 90CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS CBL 18000LM 35K 90CRT DALR: 3CBL 18000LM 35K 90CR1 16"

- CBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI ACFRI 3CBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI 16" DEFEUSE ACEVLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS.
- ICBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- E D JCBL 18000LM 40K 80CR1 ACCR: JCBL 18000LM 40K 80CR1 16" AR ACRYLLC REFLECTOR NO LE
- CBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI 16"
- CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECT 3CBL 18000LM 40K 80CR JCBL 18000LM 40K 80CR
   FACETED DIFFUSE ALUM 3CBL 18000LM 40K 80CR

LEAR ACRYLIC REFLECT

- S CBL 18000LM 40K BOCRI 👔 📡 ЭСВІ. 18000LM 40К 90CR3
- DIFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- CBL 18000LM 40K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 18000LM 40K 90CRI 16"
- TO STATE AND A STA LEAR POLYCARDONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS
- CBL 18000LM 40K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 40K 90CRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 18000LM SOK 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM SOK 70CRI 16"
   CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3CBL 18000LM 50K 70CRI ACFR: 3CBL 18000LM 50K 70CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACEVILIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- JCBL 18000LM SOK 70CRI DALR: JCBL 18000LM SOK 70CRI 16'
   FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
- SCBL 18000LM 50K 70CRI PLCR: 3CBL 18000LM 50K 70CRI 16"
- S JCBL 18000LM SOK 70CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM SOK 70CRI 16" EACETED SPECIFICAD ALLMINIUM PEELECTOP NO LENS
- CLEAR ACKYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- - CBL 18000LM 50K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 18000LM 50K 80CRI 16'

3 CBL 18000LM 50K 80CRI DALR: 3CBL 18000LM 50K 80CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

■ D JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI 16\*

■ JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

3 JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI 16"

S JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI 16"

ICBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI 16"

3 DEBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI 16"

JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 70CRI 16\*

CETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

JCBL 24000LM 40K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 80CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

JCBL 24000LM 40K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 80CRI 16"

S JCBL 24000LM 40K BOCRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 40K BOCRI 16"

JCBL 24000LM 40K SOCRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 40K SOCRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

S D JCBL 24000LM 40K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 80CRI 16"

CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

3 JCBL 24000LM 40K 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 90CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

■ D JCBL 24000LM 40K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 90CRI 16"

STORE 24000LM 40K 90CRI PLCR: 3CBL 24000LM 40K 90CRI 16" WATE PER ECTOR NO LENS

ECTOR NO LENS

FLECTOR NO LENS

3 DBL 24000LM 50K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 70CRI 16"

3/2000 SOK 70CRI SALR: 3CBL 24000LM SOK 70CRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

3 DBL 24000LM 50K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 80CRI 16"

JCBL 24000LM 50K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 80CRI 16"

S JCBL 24000LM SOK BOCRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM SOK BOCRI 16"

SCBL 24000LM SOK SOCRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM SOK SOCRI 16"

JCBL 24000LM 50K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 80CRI 16"
 ACCTTED SECURAD ANNUAL PROPERTY AND ANNUAL PROPERTY.

JCBL 24000LM 50K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 90CRI 16"

3 DCBL 24000LM SOK 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM SOK 90CRI 16"

S JCBL 24000LM 50K 90CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 90CRI 16"

E D JCBL 24000LM 50K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 90CRI 16"

CETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN

LEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

CETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN

CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

USE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

LEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

OCRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 40K 90CRI 16" ATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

OCRESSER: JCRI 24000LM 40K 90CRT 16 LUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

OCRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM S0K 70CRI 16"

70CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 70CRI 16"

70CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 50K 70CRI 16" LUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

CETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

FFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEN

ACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

ACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

LEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEA

FUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

3 DI JCBL 18000LM SOK BOCRI PLCR: JCBL 18000LM SOK BOCRI 16" LEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

E D JCBL 18000LM 50K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 50K 90CRI 16"

3 D3 3CBL 24000LM 30K 70CRI DALR: 3CBL 24000LM 30K 70CRI 16"

CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

JCBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

SUBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI 16" FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

DCBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI 16"

ICBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 24000LM 30K 80CRI 16

TIM JCBL 24000LM 30K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 30K 90CRI 16

Someone said not long ago,

"Isn't lighting getting easier?

Its just LEDs now"

SCBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI 16" DISERIESE ACRYLIC REFECTOR NO LENS

CBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI 16"

3CBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI 16"

3 DCBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI SALR: 3CBL 24000LM 35K 70CRI 16

CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS

R D JCBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI 16"

SCBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI DALR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI 16"
 FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

300 JCBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI PLCR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI 16

CBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI SALR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 80CRI 16" FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

3 CBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRI 16"

300 JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRJ ACFR: JCBL 24000LM 35K 90CRJ 16

FFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEN

CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

LEAD DOLYCARRONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

IFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LEN

CETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEP

FAR POLYCARRONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

FACETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS

ACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM R

ACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN

- JCBL 18000LM SOK BOCRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM SOK BOCRI 16"
   FACETED SPECULAR ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LENS
  - JCBL 18000LM SOK 90CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM SOK 90CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
  - DICBL 18000LM SOK 90CRI ACFR: JCBL 18000LM SOK 90CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- CEL 18000LM 35K BOCRI DALR: 3CEL 18000LM 35K BOCRI 16" D JCBL 18000LM SOK 90CRI DALR: JCBL 18000LM SOK 90CRI 16"
- CETED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN 3CBL 18000LH 35K 80CRI PLCR: 3CBL 18000LH 35K 80CRI 16" D JCBL 18000LM S0K 90CRI PLCR: JCBL 18000LM S0K 90CRI 16" CLEAR DOLYCORDONATE DEFINITION NO. LENS.
- - JCBL 24000LM 30K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 24000LM 30K 70CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
  - CRI 24000LM 30K 70CRI ACFR: 3CBL 24000LM 30K 70CRI 16" DIFFUSE ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- 3CBL 18000LM 35K 90CRI PLCR: 3CBL 18000LM 35K 90CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCR8DONATE REPLECTOR NO LENS
- ICBL 18000LM 35K 90CRI SALR: JCBL 18000LM 35K 90CRI 16"
- 30 JCBL 24000LM 30K 70CRI SALR: JCBL 24000LM 30K 70CRI 16" ICBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI ACCR: JCBL 18000LM 40K 70CRI 16" CLEAR ACRYLIC REFLECTOR NO LENS
- T 30 308L 18000LM 40K 70CRI DALR: 308L 18000LM 40K 70CRI 16" TTED DIFFUSE ALUMINUM REFLECTOR NO LEN
- CBL 18000LH 40K 70CRI PLCR: 3CBL 18000LH 40K 70CRI 16" CLEAR POLYCARBONATE REFLECTOR NO LENS

# **Pop Quiz- What are the benefits of light interior surfaces?:**

- Potential to save energy.
- Hybrid radial outcomes.
- Improve visual comfort.
- Lower contrast ratios.
- Potential higher light levels.
- ...Isn't this just Interior Design? (Not my area!)
- All of the above



## Common retrofit applications

Fluorescent troffers

Recessed cans

Decorative surface

High-bay

Parking













#### Tube cross section distribution







Sometimes the directionality of TLEDs can be an **advantage**.



#### Directionality of TLEDs







Sometimes the directionality of TLEDs can be a **disadvantage**.

TLED- wiring



Glighting design

#### **Tubes- at least 3 variations**

#### No rewiring- Ballast Compatible (BC TLED) product

operates through existing ballast (has an integral driver) –UL Type A

**Rewiring- (TLED)** disconnect ballast, and rewire sockets for line voltage (product has an integral driver) –**UL Type B** 

**Rewiring- remote driver** product operates off of a driver external to the tube and may use the sockets.\* -UL Type C

\*When does a "tube" become a "kit"?

#### Ballast Compatible-TLED –Read the fine print

Compatible with >90% of electronic T8 ballasts, including instant start, programmed start, rapid start and dimmable fluorescent ballasts Efficacy: 85-105 LPW at system level Lamp Delivered Light Output: 1700-2100 lumens per LED lamp\* System Power: 20 watts\*\* Lamp Watts: 18.5\*\*

#### Application Information

#### Application Notes

- 1. Due to numerous ballast designs and topologies, this lamp should be tested on existing ballasts before mass quantities are installed.
- 2. Not intended for use with older dedicated voltage (120V or 277V) instant start ballasts. These ballasts have electronic components that degrade over time and may become unsuitable for the new LED T8 lamp.



"...most include an integral driver and are powered directly by mains voltage(120V or even 277V). In addition, LED lamps may require power to be connected at one end or both ends—sometimes with an additional wire between opposite pins.

Improper wiring can result in product failure and/or dangerous conditions, such as sparking, smoking, or tripping circuit breakers.

Further, each lamp type may require either shunted or unshunted lamp holders..."

## Rewiring and sockets

Retrofit Luminaire with Two Lamps and one ballast



**WARNING:** To avoid potential fire or shock hazard, do not use this retrofit kit in luminaires employing shunted bi-pin lampholders. Note: Shunted lamp holders are found only in fluorescent luminaires with Instant-Start ballasts. Instant-start ballasts can be identified by the words "Instant Start" or "I.S." marked on the ballast. This designation may be in the form of a statement pertaining to the ballast itself, or may be combined with the marking for the lamps with which the ballast is intended to be used, for example F40T12/IS. For more information, contact the LED luminaire retrofit kit manufacturer.

#### Remote driver tubes. Still using the sockets



The SYLVANIA ULTRA HE LED T8 retrofit kits are an energy saving and longer-life alternative to replace traditional fluorescent T12 or T8 lamps. Compared to traditional fluorescent lamps, ULTRA HE LEDT8 lamps offer higher efficacy and equivalent light output.

Lamp requires dedicated external driver and non-shunted G13 medium bi-pin lamp holders which are included in the retrofit kit.



"Each LED tube is operated by a GE Lightech<sup>™</sup> driver. See reverse for LED tubes and Lightech driver product details."

Usually a manufacturer supplied proprietary driver

#### Remote driver tubes Using sockets, but no power to them



vision

# Kits - Basic

#### Kits

Variations of kits, all have rewired fixtures, and remote drivers

**Basic Kit** - Replacing just the electrical assembly

Uses existing luminaire optics



**UR** Series



## Kits - Complete have new optics

**Complete Kit** – New electrical assembly and new optical assembly





## What about a different kind of lighting?



Direct lighting system with recessed luminaires



Indirect lighting system with pendant luminaires

A new fixture gives the opportunity for a fresh modern look. What are some other advantages to a new fixture?

## What is the LED equivalent in **delivered** lumens?







CFL fixture: 83 watt w/ 4-1800 lumen lamps= 7,200 LED-A: 24 watt w/ 2558 lumens

LED-B: 22 watt w/ 1898 lumens



## CFL fixture efficiency – 37%

	General     Tag       Label     CM1732-4QF26     Tag       Description     CM1732     Defail       Definition	Ults Pole or Pendant Mounted C Dynamic: Attach to Z= 0 C Static: Length = Symbols Symbols
	Luminaire Lumens       2660       Efficiency (%)       37         Luminaire Watts       83       S/P Ratio       1         Total LLF       1.000       Specify       Arm Length         V       Y       Z         Luminous Box:       LLHC       -0.705       -0.25         URHC       0.705       0.25	CIRCLE DOWN LS Herdel Mode Housing Luminous
After the luminaire efficiency is applied to the 7200 lamp lumens then the luminaire lumens= 2660	Photometric File	Candela C LCS

#### LED A lists "source lumens"



# We don't know what the luminaire efficiency is.

Glighting design lab

#### LED PERFORMANCE - 3500K STANDARD

120-277V - 3500K, 82 CRI - L80 rating - 60,000 hrs - L70 rating (projected) - 100,000 hrs Amperage rated @ 110V input Operating ambient temperature: -20°C / -4°F - 40°C / 104°F

Standard 3500K source lumens noted. Consult Brownlee.com for performance of all CCTs. B6LED - 6W nominal, .05 A input - 698 Im - 114 Im/W B12LED - 12W nominal, .10 A input - 1422 Im - 120 Im/W C9LED - 9W nominal, .10 A input - 1072 Im - 122 Im/W C17LED - 17W nominal, .15 A input - 1829 Im - 111 Im/W C24LED - 24W nominal, .20 A input - 2558 Im - 107 Im/W C37LED - 37W nominal, .30 A input - 3837 Im - 104 Im/W C49LED - 49W nominal, .40 A input - 5116 Im - 107 Im/W

#### LED B lists "delivered lumens"



Performance	e
Input Wattage	21.8
Input Voltage Range (V)	120
Delivered Lumens (Im)	1898
Efficacy (Im/W)	87.0
Color Rendering Index (CRI)	80
Color Temperature (CCT)	3000
Equivalent Wattage	100W Inc.
Beam Angle	0
Power Factor	0.00
MAX THD (%)	0
Min. Ambient Temp (°F)	0
Max. Ambient Temp (°F)	104

\_

### Luminaire lumens or Delivered lumens are derived from absolute photometry



Maxlite lighting facts 1100 Luminaire lumens Light Output (Lumens) 17.6 Watts 62.5 Lumens per Watt (Efficacy) **Color Accuracy** 80 Color Rendering Index (CRI) Light Color Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) 2700 (Warm White) Warm White **Bright White** Daylight 2700K 3000K 4500K 6500K All results are according to IESNA LM-79-2008: Approved Method for the Electrical and Model Number: ML2LA17SABNIP827 Photometric Testing of Solid-State Lighting. The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) verifies product lest data and results Visit www.lightingfacts.com for the Label Reference Guide. OK4M (6/15/2015) Model Number: ML2LA17SABNIP827 Type: Luminaire - Other

design

lab

Know your light source.- LED- Integral Lamp Not just Lumens or Lumens per watt





~ 75+ Lumens per watt

~ 95+ Lumens per watt

\*CBCP and Beam Angle can be the most relevant quantities

**Beam Angle-** The angle at which the light drops 50% from the CBCP **Field Angle-** The angle at which the light drops to 10% (not used much)


### **Omni-directional** lamps in recessed cans.

Some recessed cans are designed for omni-directional lamps. In this case it is the trim that shapes the light and contributes greatly to the optical properties and luminaire efficiency



It may not have been such a good idea anyway...

# CFL recessed cans may lose 40% of light or more due to inefficiency.



### CFL to LED Retrofit

#### Potentially a "great fit"

Taking an omnidirectional lamp out of a usually marginal optical system and putting in a directional lamp

Replacing a 12K hr lamp w/a 50K lamp

26 watt ~ = 13 (14.5) watt





## But... CFL to LED replacement- Check compatibility

"LED replacement for CFL plug-in. LED plug-in lamps allow you to replace inefficient CFL 4 pin G24q/GX24 without tools or costly upgrades. Simply plug the replacement lamp into the existing ballast."



Last Updated 9/1/2015

#### GE LED Plug-In (4-pin) Ballast Compatibility List

IMPORTANT NOTICE. This list is based in part on information provided by the ballast supplier, and testing was done on a stable AC power supply under laboratory, which may not be representative of your particular end-use conditions. While each ballast type listed has undergone testing, some have undergone revisions that may change operating parameters and impact lamp performance. Applications and conditions of use are many and varied and beyond GE's control, so purchasers and users should make their own determinations as to the suitability of a lamp-ballast combination for their own particular application and use. Compatibility may also extend to ballasts beyond this list, so performing an on-site test before installation is recommended.

Ballast		One	One Lamp		Two Lamp	
		120V	277V	120V	277V	
Advance	ICF-2S26-M1-BS					
Advance	ICF-2S26-H1-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S13-H1-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S18-H1-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S18-M1-BS*					
Advance	IZT-2S26-M5-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S26-M1-BS-QS*					
GE Proline	GEC226-MVPS-BES					
GE Proline	GEC226-MVPS-3W					
GE Proline	GEC226-MVPS-SE					
GE	GEC218-MVPS-3W					
GE	GEC218-MVPS-BES					
GE	GEC213-MVPS-3W					
Hatch	HC213PS/UV/D					
Hatch	HC226PS/UV/D					
Howard	EP2/18CF/MV/2					
Howard	EP2/26CF/MV/2					
LumaPro	4KGJ7					
LumaPro	16X954					
LumaPro	16X959					
LumaPro	4KGJ8					
Robertson	PSM226CQMVDWCE					
Sylvania	QTP 2x26CF/UNV S PEM					
Sylvania	QTP 2X26CF/UNV DM					
Sylvania	QTP 1/2x18CF UNV DM*					
Triad	C2642UNVSE					
Triad	C2642UNVME					
Triad	C218UNVME					

# Its supposed to work...





\*compatibility may vary per revision

#### Humm...

**IMPORTANT NOTICE.** This list is based in part on information provided by the ballast supplier, and testing was done on a stable AC power supply under laboratory, which may not be representative of your particular end-use conditions. While each ballast type listed has undergone testing, some have <u>undergone revisions that may change operating parameters and impact lamp performance</u>. Applications and conditions of use are many and varied and beyond GE's control, so purchasers and users should make their own determinations as to the suitability of a lamp-ballast combination for their own particular application and use. Compatibility may also extend to ballasts beyond this list, so performing an on-site test before installation is recommended.

Ballast		One L	amp	Two Lamp		
		120V	277V	120V	277V	
Advance	ICF-2S26-M1-BS					
Advance	ICF-2S26-H1-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S13-H1-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S18-H1-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S18-M1-BS*					
Advance	IZT-2S26-M5-LD*					
Advance	ICF-2S26-M1-BS-QS*					
				Gligh	ting d	

The ESL Vision LED PL Series is the perfect replacement for high maintenance compact fluorescent lamps. ESL Vision's PL series features 110 lumen per watt, 85 CRI, and a wide range of bases to work in an array of applications.

Di Di

9 Watt

Front View

1

11 Watt

Front View

#### **Applications:**

- Horizontal Base Recessed Cans
- Wall Sconces
- Ceiling Mounted Standard Base (E26) Fixtures

#### **Features:**

- Up to a 75% Energy Savings
- Compatible with Most Fluorescent Ballasts\*

#### Rotatable Bases

• Up to 110 Lumens per Watt

Sinn a

7 Watt

Front View

\*For maintenance and energy savings reasons ESL Vision recommends bypassing all ballasts for permanent operation

- 85+ CRI
- Mercury Free
- 5 Year Warranty
- Maintenance Free

# There is always some fine print.

\*For maintenance and energy savings reasons ESL Vision recommends bypassing all ballasts (for permanent operation )

### What about a retrofit "kit"? What has changed?\*





\*Note the lens

### CFL replacement products. Wire in, recessed light source.



Improved optics, LED advantages

#### The HID Opportunity- 2% of the sockets, 26% of the lighting energy in US

Mogul based HID lamps are used in a mere 2% of lamp sockets in the US, but in 2010 HID lamps used 26% of the lighting energy in the United States and are second only to linear fluorescent lamps for lighting consumption. \*



\*Mogul based LED replacement lamp study Conducted by the Lighting Research Center, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Prepared for Bonneville Power Administration and Washington State University Energy Program



## **Optics**- built around a point source





#### **Glare** control

- High degree possible
- High degree *needed*

#### Distribution

• High precision possible

Infrastructure investment Luminaire efficiency

 Influences system lumens and delivered light

Point source = Metal halide

## Brightness and size

This is not strictly the case with LEDs. But there is a relationship, so higher lumen needs, usually result in a larger size.



~760 lumens

7 watt





~7800 lumens 75 watts

### Different HID optical systems















#### Reflector and lens type



#### Directional lamp vs omni directional. In some cases it may not matter.





## Directional retrofit for an omnidirectional decorative fixture Sometimes appearance does matter.





### Model summary Mercury Vapor

Fixture	Wattage	Avg FC*	Max/Min	LPD	Fixture quantity	Notes
Merc. Vapor	400 / 465	30	2.1 : 1	2.0	64	Luminaire= 84% efficient



### Model su Light Effic Design- F retrofit

UM REFLECTO

[LAMP] ONE 400 WATT CLEAR ET 18 HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM, VER

- General-Label

Description

Definition

Total LLF

Lumens Per Lamp 13874

Luminaire Lumens 11648

[ISSUEDATE] 1/24/2014

IESNA:LM-63-2002

[TESTDATE] 1/31/2008

111

[MANUFAC] Lithonia Lighting [LUMCAT] TH 400S A17 (LEG 4, SC=1.3)

Luminaire Watts

Photometric File

lilumin

ILAMPO,

-

Model summary	Fixture	Wattage	Avg FC*	Max/Min	LP D	Fixture quantity	Notes
Light Efficient	Merc. Vapor	400 / 465	30	2.1 : 1	2.0	64	Luminaire= 84% efficient
Design- Fixture retrofit	Light Efficient Dsgn.	160	35	2.1 : 1	0.7	64	<b>Retrofit existing.</b> Luminaire= 84% efficient
21.4       23.9       25.0       26.6       30.3       30.6		33.7         35.7         35.8         35.8         35.8         37.8         37.9         37.7         37.8         37.7         31.5         \$1.6         \$1.7         \$1.7         \$1.6         \$1.7         \$1.7         \$1.6         \$1.7         \$1.1.7         \$1.8         \$2.0         \$1.9         \$3.0         <	35. (5) 35. 9 35. 9 35. 9 35. 9 38. 0 38. 0 38. 0 38. 0 39. 0 38. 0 38. 0 38. 0 39. 0 38. 0 38. 0 38. 0 39. 0 38. 0 38. 0 38. 0 41. 7 41. 0 41. 0 41. 0 41. 7 41. 8 41. 8 41. 8 42. 0 42. 0 41. 9 42. 0 41. 7 41. 8 41. 7 41. 8 (0) 41. 7 41. 8 41. 7 41. 8 (0) 39. 6 39. 6 39. 6 39. 6 39. 6 39. 6 39. 6 39. 6 39. 6 39. 8 35. 8 35. 8 35. 8 35. 8	35.8 $35.8$ $35.7$ $35.7$ $35.7$ $38.0$ $37.9$ $37.8$ $37.8$ $37.8$ $39.6$ $39.6$ $39.7$ $39.8$ $37.8$ $37.8$ $39.6$ $39.6$ $39.7$ $39.8$ $37.8$ $37.8$ $31.0$ $40.9$ $41.0$ $40.8$ $40.8$ $41.7$ $41.7$ $41.7$ $41.6$ $41.8$ $42.0$ $41.9$ $42.0$ $41.8$ $41.$ $41.7$ $41.6$ $41.7$ $41.6$ $41.$ $40.9$ $40.8$ $40.9$ $40.8$ $40.8$ $39.6$ $39.5$ $39.6$ $39.4$ $39.$ $39.6$ $39.5$ $39.6$ $39.4$ $39.$ $37.8$ $37.8$ $37.8$ $37.7$ $37.7$ $38.8$ $35.7$ $35.7 35.6 35.6 35.6$	$\left( \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right)^{25.7}  35.4  3 \\ 7  37.7  37.5  3 \\ 4  39.5  39.1  3 \\ 7  40.7  40.4  4 \\ 0 \\ 7  40.7  40.4  4 \\ 0 \\ 7  41.7  41.4  4 \\ 4  41.4  41.2  4 \\ 0 \\ 6  40.7  30.4  4 \\ 3  39.4  39.0  3 \\ 3  39.4  39.0  3 \\ 0 \\ 5  35.6  57.4  3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 5  35.6  55.3  3 \\ 3  55.6  55.3  3 \\ 3  55.6  55.3  3 \\ 5  55.6  55.3  3 \\ 5  55.6  55.3  5 \\ 5  55.6  55.6  55.3  5 \\ 5  55.6 $	15.6     35.0     34.5     36.1     33.1       17.2     37.0     36.5     36.0     35.1       18.9     38.7     38.1     37.6     37.1       10.3     3.9     39.4     38.9     38.1       1.3     40.9     40.3     39.9     39.1       1.1     40.7     40.2     39.9     39.1       1.1     40.7     40.3     39.9     39.1       1.1     40.7     40.3     39.9     39.1       1.1     40.7     40.1     39.9     39.1       1.1     40.7     40.1     39.9     39.1       1.1     30.7     40.1     39.6     38.1       1.2     39.9     39.4     38.8     38.1       39.9     39.4     38.1     37.6       39.1     39.9     39.4     38.8     38.1       31.1     30.6     38.1     37.6     36.1       7.1     36.9     36.4     36.0     35.1       31.1     34.4     34.4     34.0     33.1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Photometric File  Photometric File  Description  Classification  LCS  More Information  Filename: C:\ProgramData\AGI32\PhotometricData_Files\Lithonia Lighting  [TEST] 11502 [TESTLAB]ACUITY BRANDS LIGHTING CONYERS LAB	Candela C LCS	Value (Fc)	Va Color (Fo	یود د.دد د.دد د.ددد lue c) Color	1 33.1 32.8 Y	Project 1 Calc Pts Room_Work Illuminance (I Average=34.	plane Fc) 63 Maximum=42.0 Minimum=19.7

60 20 Avg/Min=1.76 Max/Min=2.13 50 10 LPD-UWLR Areas 40 5 LPDArea Area(Sq.ft)=14690 Total Watts=10240 LPD 30 (Watts/Sg.ft)=0.697 More...



### Model summary- Industrial retrofit case study

Fixture	Wattage	Avg FC*	Max/Min	LPD	Fixture quantity	Notes	
Merc. Vapor	400 / 465	30	2.1 : 1	2.0	64	Luminaire= 84% efficient	
Light Efficient Dsgn.	160	35	2.1 : 1	0.7	64	Retrofit existing. Luminaire= 84% efficient	64x\$300= \$19,200
DEG-LED	220	40	2.0 : 1	0.96	64	<b>Retrofit existing.</b> Luminaire= 100% efficient	
Cree- CXB	227	80	2.3 : 1	1.0	64	New fixture Replace 1 for 1	
Cree- CXB	227	42	2.2 : 1	0.53	34	<b>New fixture</b> Eliminate ~ 50% of existing fixtures	34x\$550= \$18,700

# Pop Quiz- Before doing a LED lamp only retrofit, always check to see which of the following?

- That the fixture is in good shape.
- That the lamp is compatible with the electronics (ballasts and existing controls).
- That the optics are appropriate.
- That the utility is agreeable.
- That the customer has enough money...



Luminaire Level Lighting Control (LLLC) and Networked Lighting Control (NLC)

**Presented by Eric Strandberg LC** 

Summer, 2020





Courtesy; Acuity, Enlighted

### Why use lighting controls at all?



Save energy costs Save on maintenance cost

### Which lights to control and how?



# It shouldn't be all or nothing.





### Is this space "occupied"



- Lights on when occupied.
- What is wrong with this picture?

### Is this space lit?



Productivity and security are important factors

### Varying tasks and a variety of lighting conditions.



Intensity Occupancy Daylight Preference Tasks

## What kinds of control?

On/Off switches Manual dimmers Occupancy sensors Daylight sensors Time clocks











### Setting a wall box device So simple, **just one button**

#### **OPERATIONAL SETTINGS**

NOTE: (\*) Indicates factory default (unless otherwise marked)

#### 2 = Occupancy Time Delay

Time sensor keeps lights on after last occupancy detection.1 30 sec4 7.5 min7 15.0 min10 30.0 min

2 2.5 min 5 10.0 min\* 8 17.5 min

3 5.0 min 6 12.5 min 9 20.0 min

For additional time settings, contact technical support at 1.800.PASSIVE

#### 3 = On Mode

Automatic On turns lights on when occupancy is detected. Manual On requires a button press to turn the lights on. Reduced Turn-On directs the sensor to only detect large motions, such as a person entering a room. Weaker signals, such as reflections from glass, are ignored. Once lights are on, the sensor returns to maximum sensitivity.

1 Automatic On\* 2 Manual On\*\* 3 Reduced Turn-On

\* Standard Factory Default

\*\* Factory Default for -SA and -NL versions

#### 4 = Switch Modes

These modes dictate switch functionality. Pressing the button in Override Off mode (setting 1) turns off and keeps lights off until pressed again. Disabling the Switch (setting 2) prevents the button from turning the lights on.

Predictive Mode (setting 3) automatically determines if a user has left the room after the lights are switched off. It does this by monitoring the space for a period after the button is pressed (Predictive Grace Time), following a certain delay (Predictive Exit Time). If occupancy is detected the device will disable auto-on and hold the lights off until manually switched. If no occupancy is detected the sensor instantly reverts to auto-on mode. (continued next column) If Predictive Mode with Expiration (setting 4) is enabled, once the sensor has disabled auto-on it will continue to monitor the space. When no occupancy is detected for a duration equal to the occupancy time delay, the sensor will revert to auto-on mode.

- 1 Override Off \*\*
- 2 Switch Disable
- 3 Predictive Mode
- 4 Predictive Mode with Expiration\*
- Standard Factory Default
- \*\* Factory Default for -SA and -NL versions

#### 5 = Photocell Set-Point

The ambient light level at which the sensor prevents the lights from initially turning on. Once on, the lights will remain on until the occupancy time delay expires and turns them off.

1 Disabled*	6 4 fc
2 Auto Setpoint	7 8 fc
3 0.5 fc	8 16 fc
4 1 fc	9 32 fc
5 2 fc	10 64 fc

Note: Sensor will be changed to Automatic On mode if photocell is enabled. Photocell not present in -NL versions. LED flashes while Auto-Setpoint mode is running.

#### 7 = LED Operation

Indicates behavior of device's LED.					
1	Occupancy Indication*	3 Disabled			
2	Relay Indication	4 Override On***			

\*Standard Factory Default \*\*\* Factory Default for -NL version

#### 9 = Restore Factory Defaults

Returns all functions to original settings.

1 Maintain Current\* 2 Restore Defaults

#### after each switch on, met, lights resume

irn off that they can be

5 60 min

15 sec\*

od

#### 12 = Dual Technology (Microphonics™)

Relative responsiveness of Microphonics detection. Included in -PDT versions only.

1 Normal*	3 Medium	5 Phase Off
2 Off	4 Low	(15-10-5 min

#### 13 = Microphone Grace Period

0

0

Time period after lights are automatically turned off that they can be voice reactivated. Included in -PDT versions only.

1 0 sec 3 20 sec 5 40 sec 7 60 sec 2 10 sec\* 4 30 sec 6 50 sec

#### 15 = Predictive Mode Exit Time

Time period after manually switching lights off for occupant to leave the space.

 1 5 sec
 3 7 sec
 5 9 sec
 7 15 sec
 9 30 sec

 2 6 sec
 4 8 sec
 6 10 sec\*
 8 20 sec

#### 16 = Predictive Mode Grace Time

Time period after Predictive Mode Exit Time that sensorrescans the room for remaining occupants.10 sec310 sec530 sec\*750 sec25 sec420 sec640 sec860 sec

### Programing each occupancy sensor

#### **PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTIONS**

Operational settings can be changed via the push-button sequence outlined below (note the example used is for changing occupancy time delay).



There is only one button to do everything...



#### **CREE**

CREES





- Self-programming wireless lighting control
- Integrated sensors
- Daylight harvesting
- Task tuning
- One button set-up

Automated luminaire association and configuration

## **SmartCast**



#### NLCS can have:

#### Graphical User Interface (GUI) to make programing easier



FXLuminaire .



CuityControls...

## Why use controls?.. Energy Codes WASHINGTON STATE ENERGY CODE, COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

**C405.2 Lighting controls (Mandatory).** Lighting systems shall be provided with controls as specified in Sections C405.2.1 through C405.2.8.

**C405.2.4 Daylight responsive controls.** *Daylight responsive controls* complying with Section C405.2.4.1 shall be provided to control the lighting within *daylight zones* in the following spaces:

- Sidelight daylight zones as defined in Section C405.2.4.2 with more than two general lighting fixtures within the primary and secondary sidelight daylight zones.
- 2. Toplight daylight zones as defined in Section C405.2.4.3 with more than two general lighting fixtures within the daylight zone.

#### FIGURE C405.2.4.2(1) DAYLIGHT ZONE ADJACENT TO FENESTRATION IN A WALL



Computing the secondary sidelighted area.

#### Office plan controls







### Office plan controls Daylight zones




### Office plan controls Daylight zones- Primary and Secondary







### Why use controls- Energy Codes WASHINGTON STATE ENERGY CODE, COMMERCIAL PROVISIONS

C405.2 Lighting controls (Mandatory). Lighting systems shall be provided with controls as specified in Sections C405.2.1 through C405.2.8.

C405.2.1 Occupancy sensor controls. Occupancy sensor controls shall be installed to control lights in the following space types:

- 1. Classrooms/lecture/training rooms.
- 2. Conference/ meeting/multipurpose rooms.
- 3. Copy/print rooms.
- 4. Lounges.
- 5. Employee lunch and break rooms.
- 6. Private offices.
- 7. Restrooms.
- 8. Storage rooms.
- 9. Janitorial closets.
- 10. Locker rooms.
- Other spaces 300 square feet (28 m<sup>2</sup>) or less that are enclosed by floor-to- ceiling height partitions.
- 12. Warehouse spaces.



### Office plan controls Occupancy zones





### Office plan controls Occupancy zones- Open Office too





### Office plan controls Corridor/ Egress path





### Office plan controls Combined- It gets complicated.





### **Combining Control Strategies**





Room empty lights on. Not good.

Room empty lights off and lots of daylight. Good, but what happens when room is occupied?

### **Combining Control Strategies**



Occupied, daylit, lights off...success.



LUMINAIRE-LEVEL LIGHTING CONTROL. A lighting system consisting of one or more luminaire(s) with embedded lighting control logic, occupancy and ambient light sensors, wireless networking capabilities, and local override switching capability.

## C405.2 Lighting controls (Mandatory). Lighting systems shall be provided with controls as specified in Sections C405.2.1 through C405.2.8.

**Exception:** Except for specific application controls required by Section C405.2.5:

- 1. Areas designated as security or emergency areas that are required to be continuously lighted.
- 2. Interior exit stairways, interior exit ramps and exit passageways.
- 3. Emergency egress lighting that is normally off.
- 4. Industrial or manufacturing process areas, as may be required for production and safety.
- Luminaire-level lighting controls (LLLC) that control interior lighting. The LLLC luminaire shall be independently configured to:
  - 5.1. Monitor occupant activity to brighten or dim its lighting when occupied or unoccupied, respectively.
  - 5.2. Monitor ambient light (both electric light and daylight) and brighten or dim electric light to maintain desired light level.
  - 5.3. Configuration and reconfiguration of performance parameters, including bright and dim setpoints, time-outs, dimming, fade rates, sensor sensitivity adjustments, and wireless zoning configurations, for each control strategy.
  - 5.4. Meet the operational and commissioning requirements of Sections C405.2.1, C405.2.2, C405.2.3, C405.2.4, and C408.

#### ıg design lab

Each fixture has its own controls? That could never happen...



# Individual controls is not a new idea



Each fixture has a **Photocell.** They each do their own thing. What about interior?











### Each fixture has an **Occupancy Sensor** Why couldn't we do this in the past?

### What if each fixture had its own controls in an office?



Offices have a lot **higher fixture density** per Sq. Ft.

### **Convergence of Technologies and Timing**

Miniaturization of Control Devices

Controllable Light Sources

Higher Data Bandwidth



ASHRAE



Not the price...

More demanding Energy Codes

### What are the advantages of LLLCs



- More savings due to higher granularity
- No rewiring needed due to wireless functionality

Glighting design

lab

• Ability to **re-zone** if area use changes

### Lighting is a handy place to put these devices



Because its everywhere, and it has power already

### LLLC = High Granularity. Traffic patterns



### Traffic patterns-Night- Minimum lighting for egress at 10%



### **Traffic patterns-**First entry- ambient to 30%, traffic to 90%



### **Traffic patterns-**First entry- ambient to 30%, traffic to 90%



### Traffic patterns-

Daytime- ambient to 30%, traffic to 90%, daylight zone off if ok



### Traffic patterns-

Daytime- ambient to 30%, traffic to 90%, daylight zone off if ok



### LLLCs don't have to be troffers.



What control effects do you see?

### Pop Quiz- The most effective retrofit luminaire:

- A. Is energy efficient.
- B. Has appropriate color qualities.
- C. Puts light where it is needed.
- D. Has low operating costs.
- E. Is controllable.
- F. All of the above.





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### SAVE WITH LIGHTING

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- · Occupancy sensors/lighting controls

There are several options for updating your lighting. Start exploring the best option for your space by reading our Lighting Guide.

Bright Rebates Application



Q

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#### Resources



Or you can just go to our web site to find the links and lots of other great stuff! lightingdesignlab.com

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### And now – a few words from LDL



### Upcoming LDL Online Events

LDL Course	<b>Delivery Date</b>	Time
Introduction to Codes and Standards	August 25	10:00 – Noon
Promoting Energy Efficient Lighting Systems	September 8	10:00 - Noon
What Went Wrong?	September 22	10:30 - Noon

Today's slide deck and previous online courses can be found on our <u>website</u>

### Click – Call – Connect

- Eric Strandberg
  - 206-817-7142
  - eric.strandberg@seattle.gov





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