

• All attendees are on mute • Submit questions in **Questions**tab at any time • The webinar is being recorded • Please take the after-class survey! A couple different might look to ask questions if the couple different is to ask questions are the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you don't see the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you don't see the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you don't see the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you don't see the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you don't see the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you don't see the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you don't see the GoTo toolbar. It might be on your other screen, if you have 2 monitors!

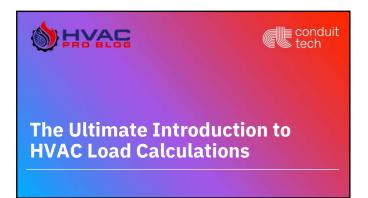
Course	Day	Time
Seattle's Brand-New Building Emissions Performance Standard: What You Need to Know Now	Thu Feb 1	10:00am-11:30am
SEM – Fundamentals of Strategic Energy Management and What It Can Do For You and Your Facility	Tue Feb 13	10:00am-11:30am
Improving Energy Performance and Achieving Decarb Goals With US DOE's 50001 Ready™ and Superior Energy Performance 50001™	Thu Feb 15	10:00am-11:30am
PAE CHPWH Retrofit in Seattle - Details to come	Thu Feb 29	TBD
Let us know what you think and tell us what you want us to add		

Related Rebates and Other Funding

- Heat pump contractor discounts through participating distributors
 - \$300-\$600 instant discount per home
- City of Seattle <u>Clean Heat Program</u>
- \$2000 instant rebate
- Oil-heated homes moving to electric heat
- Federal tax credits and upcoming funding
- 2022: \$300; 2023-2032: 30% of cost (\$2000 cap per year)
- IRA rebate possibilities from state

Contact an Energy Advisor today to find out more! Call (206) 684-3800 or email SCLEnergyAdvisor@seattle.gov

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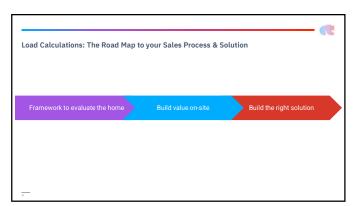
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What we'll cover today:

• A brief overview of load calculations
• What today's environment and building codes mean are requiring
• Heat loss drivers, and how to evaluate them
• Temperature difference
• Air exchange (infiltration)
• Key factors impacting cooling gains, and how to evaluate them
• Solar heat gain
• Internal gains and cooling
• Tech & tools to streamline your process
• Q&A





Why do load calculations? Manual J load calculations are also required!

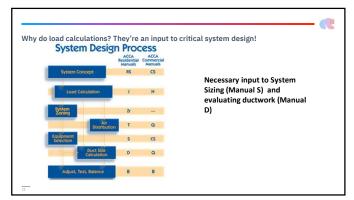
M1401.3 Equipment and Appliance Sizing.

"Heating and cooling equipment shall be sized in accordance with ACCA Manual S or other approved methodologies based on building loads calculated in accordance with ACCA Manual J or other approved heating and cooling calculation methodologies."





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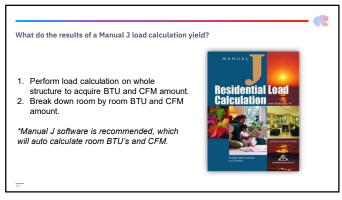
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What do we need to understand to conduct a load calculation? 4 key elements:

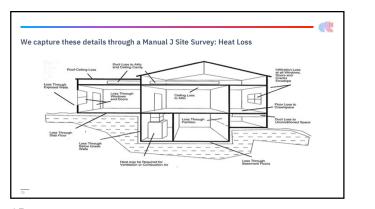
- Temperature Difference
 Air Exchange
 Solar Heat Gain

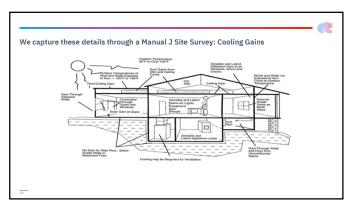
- Internal Gains

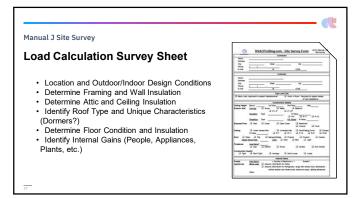


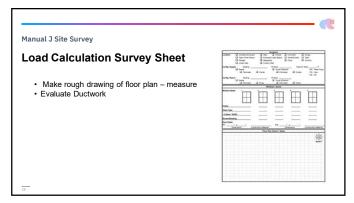




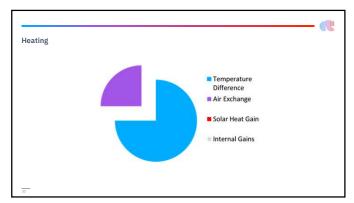












Temperature Difference:	
Do NOT design for record breaking weather conditions Do NOT add a "safety factor" to table 1A / 1b Do NOT design for abnormally low or high indoor temperature or humidity conditions	HEAT WAVE 365 Days x 1% = 3.65 Days

Air Exchange

We want to evaluate how "leaky" the home is

- 1) A blower door, is best practice to tell you this
 2) Alternatively, visual cues to evaluate infiltration:
 a) Is there lots of dust accumulating?
 b) Does the homeowner mention draftiness?
 c) What was the year built / or year of major remodel?



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Air Leakage: Infiltration Rates & Construction Quality

Home Infiltration Rates are determined by ACH (Tightness) and Floor Area (sq. ft.)

Construction	Air Changes per Hour — Heating Floor Area of Heated Space (SqFt)					Infiltration 1 Cfm for One Fireplace
	Tight	0.21	0.16	0.14	0.11	0.10
Semi-Tight	0.41	0.31	0.26	0.22	0.19	13
Average	0.61	0.45	0.38	0.32	0.28	20
Semi-Loose	0.95	0.70	0.59	0.49	0.43	27
Loose	1.29	0.94	0.80	0.66	0.58	33

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Air Leakage: Infiltration Rates & Construction Quality

Assumptions almost always necessary based on age of home, unless a weatherization (air sealing/insulation) retrofit.

- Assume "Tight" for a Net Zero, Passive home, Spray Foam
 Assume "Semi-tight" for home Energy Star Home
 Assume "Average" for home built 1995+
 Assume "Semi-Loose" for home 1950 1994*
 Assume "Loose" for home older than 1950*

- *Assumptions based on average leakage rates provided by Lawrence Berkley Laboratory within study "Air-Tightness of U.S. Dwellings", 1994 and Energy Star recommendations.

Air Exchange - Ceilings

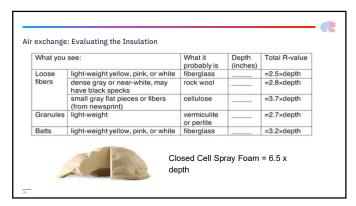
Attic and Ceiling Ins

Attic and Ceiling Insulation Key Questions:

- Is it under a Vented Attic?
- Unvented Attic?
- Roof/Ceiling Combination?
- Ceiling Insulation
- R-7, R-11, R-19, R-30?



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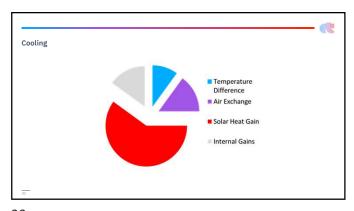


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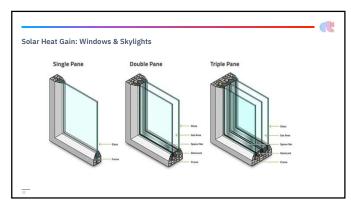
Ductwork may or may not be sealed, and it may not be tight. Evaluating the condition, location, materials and insulation of ductwork will impact your loads.













Solar Heat gain: Home Orientation

Take into account what windows / walls face North, east, South, West -they'll differentially impact the load



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Internal Loads

People = Number of Bedrooms + 1 (Master Bedroom has 2)

Full-time Guests = Elderly Family, etc.

Appliances = Block load Amounts

1,200 Btu/hr -2,400 Btu/hr -Refrigerator

Other Major Appliances: Range with Vented Hood, Dishwasher, Washer/Vented Dryer, Electronic Equipment & Lighting



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Remember!

- No Manipulating Outdoor Design Temp (i.e. Max 14°F CLTD)
 Take full credit for efficient construction features!
- Research studies indicate that Manual J V8 procedure provides an adequate safety factor - don't add on!



